S1 Table. Variables in generalized	d boosted reor	ession analyses	
Predictor	Coverage		Source
AnnualBP	0.017	The average number of birth pulses per year for the species	Luis et al. 2013
X1.1_ActivityCycle	0.057	Activity or yels of each species measured for non-captive populations; adult or age unspecified individuals, male, female, or sex unspecified individuals, primary, secondary, or exappolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all locatities. Species were defined as (1) nocturnal only, (2) nocturnal/crepuscular, cathemeral, crepuscular or diumal/crepuscular and (3) diumal only.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
(5.1_AdultBodyMass_g	0.623	Mass of adult (or age unspecified) live or freshly-killed specimens (excluding pregnant females) using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
(8.1_AdultForearmLen_mm	0.805	Total length from elbow to wrist of adult (or age unspecified) live, freshly-killed, or museum specimens using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X13.1_AdultHeadBodyLen_mm	0.168	Total length from tip of nose to anus or base of tall of adult (or age unspecified) live, freshly-killed, or museum specimens using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or estrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities, and a with othor diverse are fully open after birth using captive, wild, provisioned; or unspecified populations; male, female, or exempedied dividuals; primary, secondary, or	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X2.1_AgeatEyeOpening_d	0.036	extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X3.1_AgeatFirstBirth_d	0.073	Age at which females give birth to their first litter (eutherians), or their young attach to teats (metatherians) or harch out (monotremes), using non-captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X18.1_BasalMetRate_mLO2hr	0.044	Basal metabolic rate of adult (or age unspecified) individual(s) using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; sprinary, scondary, or extrapolated sources, all measures of central retendency; nal I localities. Metabolic; rate was measured when individual(s) were experiencher has ton cold stess (i.e. are in their thermoneutral zone); are resting and cains; and are post-absorptive (are not digesting or absorbing a meal) and data were only accepted where there was also a measure of body mass for the same individual(s).	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X5.2 BasalMetRateMass g	0.044	Mass of individual(s) from which the basic metabolic rate was taken.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
		Number of dietary categories eaten by each species measured using any qualitative or quantitative dietary measure, over any period of time, using any assessment method, for	
X6.1_DietBreadth	0.377	non-captive or non-provisioned populations; adult or age unspecified individuals, male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities. Categories were defined as vertebrate, invertebrate, fruit, flowers/nectar/polen, leaves/branches/bark, seeds, grass and roots/subers.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X9.1_GestationLen_d	0.130	Length of time of non-inactive fetal growth, using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities. Gestation was measured between specified start and end points as follows: Start points – conception, fertilization, first observed copulation, fertilization, implantation, laying, palpably pregnant, removal of pouch young, capture (except massupials) or unspecified. End points – birth, hatching or unspecified.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X15.1_LitterSize	0.352	Number of offspring born per litter per female, either counted before birth, at birth or after birth, using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X16.1_LittersPerYear	0.187	Number of litters per female per year using non-captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
		Maximum adult age measured either through direct observation, capture-recapture estimates, projected from physical wear or unspecified, using captive, wild, provisioned, or	
X17.1_MaxLongevity_m	0.061	usspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; in all localities. Mass of live or freshly-killed specimens of infarts at either a near term embryonic stage, birth, immediately after bird nor up to an age of seven days after birth, using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male female, or extrapolatable; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X5.3_NeonateBodyMass_g	0.138	localities. Total length from tip of nose to anus or base of tail of live, freshly-killed, or museum specimens of infants at either a near term embryonic stage, birth, immediately after birth or up to a nage of seven days after birth, using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or see unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X13.2_NeonateHeadBodyLen_mm	0.036	extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities. Number of individuals, adults or definition unspecified in a group that spends the majority of their time in a 24 hour cycle together, measured over any duration of time, using non-	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X10.1_PopulationGrpSize	0.111	captive populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities. Age when individuals are first physically capable of reproducing, defined as either physically sexually mature, age at first mating or unspecified (males and females), age at first	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X23.1_SexualMaturityAge_d	0.109	estrus or age at first pregnancy (females only), age at spermatogenesis or age at testes descent (males only), using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals, primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X6.2_TrophicLevel	0.377	Trophic kevil of each species measured using any qualitative or quantitative delarny measure, over any period of time, using any assessment method, for non-captive or non-provisioned populations; adult or age unspecified individuals, mainle, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities. Species were defined as (1) herbovine (not venebrate and/or invertebrate), (2) omnivore (venebrate and/or invertebrate plus any of the other categories) and (3) camiurore (venebrate and/or invertebrate plus any of the other categories) and (3) camiurore (venebrate and/or invertebrate plus any of the other categories).	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X25.1_WeaningAge_d	0.143	Age when primary nutritional dependency on the mother ends and independent foraging begins to make a major contribution to the offspring's energy requirements, measured as either wearing/lactation length, nutritionally independent, first sold food, list observed mursing, age at first flight (bats only), age at pouch exit or length of teat Attachment (mansuplas only) or unspecified definition, using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities.	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X5.4_WeaningBodyMass_g X26.1_GR_Area_km2	0.059	Mass of live or freshly-killed specimens of weanings, using captive, wild, provisioned, or unspecified populations; male, female, or sex unspecified individuals; primary, secondary, or extrapolated sources; all measures of central tendency; in all localities. Geographic range area, calculated using the total extent of a species range with a global equal-area projection (Mollweide)	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X26.2_GR_MaxLat_dd	0.967	The maximum latitudinal extent of each species geographic range calculated using a global geographic projection (decimal degrees)	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X26.3_GR_MinLat_dd	0.967	The minimum latitudinal extent of each species range calculated using a global geographic projection (decimal degrees)	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X26.4_GR_MidRangeLat_dd	0.967	The median latitudinal extent of each species range calculated using a global geographic projection (decimal degrees)	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X26.5_GR_MaxLong_dd	0.967	maximum longitudinal extent of each species range calculated using a global geographic projection (decimal degrees)	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X26.6_GR_MinLong_dd	0.967	minimum longitudinal extent of each species range calculated using a global geographic projection (decimal degrees)	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X26.7_GR_MidRangeLong_dd X27.1_HuPopDen_Min_n.km2	0.967	median longitudinal extent of each species range calculated using a global geographic projection (decimal degrees) Minimum human population density (persons per km2) using the Gridded Population of the World (GPW) (CIESIN and CIAT 2005) for 1995	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X27.2_HuPopDen_Mean_n.km2	0.967	Mean human population density (persons per km2) using the Gridded Population of the World (GPW) (CIESIN and CIAT 2005) for 1995	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X27.3_HuPopDen_5p_n.km2	0.967	Sth percentile human population density (persons per km2) using the Gridded Population of the World (GPW) (GESIN and GAT 2005) for 1995	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X27.4_HuPopDen_Change	0.964	Mean rate of increase in human population density using the Gridded Population of the World (GPW) (CIESIN and CIAT 2005) for 1990 and 1995 as: (1995–1990)/1990	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X28.1_Precip_Mean_mm	0.927	mean monthly precipitation (mm) calculated using data from ftp://ftp.ngdc.noaa.gov/Solid_Earth/Ecosystems/GEDII_a/datasets/a03/lc.htm	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X28.2_Temp_Mean_01degC	0.927	mean monthly temperature (0.1°C) calculated using data from ftp://ftp.ngdc.noaa.gov/Sold_Earth/Ecosystems/GEDIL_a/datasets/a03/lc.htm mean monthly AET (Actual Evapotranspiration Rate) from 1920 to 1980 (mm) calculated using the Global Resource Information Database of UNEP and is available from	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
X30.1_AET_Mean_mm X30.2_PET_Mean_mm	0.780	http://www.gnd.unep.ch/data/gnd/gnv183.php mean monthly PET (Potential Evapotranspiration Rate) from 1920 to 1980 (mm) calculated using the Global Resource Information Database of UNEP and is available from http://www.gnd.unep.ch/data/gnd/gnv183.php	Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA Jones et al. 2008 PanTHERIA
Log10.mass_specific_production.	0.052	The log-base 10 of production, where production is the mean mass of offspring produced per year, normalized by adult body size	Hamilton et al. 2010
Diet.Inv	1.000	Percent of diet comprised of invertebrates	Wilman et al. 2014 EltonTraits
Diet.Fruit BodyMass.Value	1.000	Percent of diet comprised of fruit Mean of body mass for both sexes (in g)	Wilman et al. 2014 EltonTraits Wilman et al. 2014 EltonTraits
torp	0.061	Categorization of torpor use, where 1 = no evidence of torpor use; 2 = some torpor use with minimum body temperature> 11 °C; 3 = true hibernation with min Tb< 11 °C	Luis et al. 2013
mig	0.061	Categorization of migration level, where 1 = only local movement; 2 = regional migration, 3 = long distance migration	Luis et al. 2013
aridity	0.780	Mean Precipitation (mm)/Mean PET (mm)	constructed
BodySizeRatio	0.138	Adult Body Mass (g)/Neonate Body Mass (g)	constructed
postnatGR	0.054	Weaning body mass/neonatal body mass	constructed
RelAgeSexMat	0.042	Age at sexual maturity/maximum longevity	constructed constructed using IUCN Terrestrial Mammals http://www.iucnredlist.org/te chnical-documents/spatial-
sppdens	0.950	The richness of mammal species found within a species' geographic range	data constructed using IUCN Terrestrial Mammals http://www.iucnredlist.org/te chnical-documents/spatial-
spp.dens.per.km	0.920	The richness of mammal species found within a species' geographic range divided by the geographic range area in units of n per kilometer2	data

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